

PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

SCHEDULING STATUS: S3

LOMANOR® 5 mg

LOMANOR® 10 mg

Amlodipine besylate

Sugar free

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking LOMANOR

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have further questions, please ask your doctor, ~~or your~~ pharmacist, nurse or other health care provider.
- LOMANOR has been prescribed for you personally and you should not share your medicine with other people. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.

What is in this leaflet

1. What LOMANOR is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take LOMANOR
3. How to take LOMANOR
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store LOMANOR
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What LOMANOR is and what it is used for

LOMANOR belongs to a group of medicines called calcium antagonists.

LOMANOR is used to treat high blood pressure (hypertension) and a type of chest pain called angina, a rare form of which is Prinzmetal's or variant angina. LOMANOR is also used to reduce the risk of fatal and non-fatal heart disease or stroke.

LOMANOR can be used alone or with other medicines to treat these conditions.

2. What you need to know before you take LOMANOR

Do not take LOMANOR:

- If you are hypersensitive (allergic) to amlodipine or any of the other ingredients of LOMANOR (listed in section 6).
- If you have had an allergic reaction to other medicines of this type.
- In combination with grapefruit juice.

Warnings and precautions

Take special care with LOMANOR:

- If you are taking other medicines such as anti-fungal medicines (ketoconazole, itraconazole) or protease inhibitors used to treat HIV (ritonavir). Using these medicines together with LOMANOR may decrease the blood pressure even further (see Other medicines and LOMANOR).
- If you are elderly.
- If you have severe kidney disease.
- If you have liver disease.
- If you have heart failure (a condition where the heart cannot pump blood well).

Other medicines and LOMANOR

Always tell your health care provider if you are taking any other medicine. (This includes complementary or traditional medicines.)

LOMANOR may lower your blood pressure even more if you are already taking other medicines to treat your high blood pressure. Do not stop taking your other prescription medicines, including any other blood pressure medicines, without talking to your doctor or health care provider first.

LOMANOR may affect or be affected by other medicines, such as:

- Cholesterol-lowering medicine (simvastatin)
- Heart medicines (diltiazem)
- Anti-fungal medicines (ketoconazole, itraconazole) (see Warnings and precautions)
- Antibiotics (erythromycin, clarithromycin, rifampicin)
- Protease inhibitors used to treat HIV (ritonavir) (see Warnings and precautions)

- St. John's Wort (*hypericum perforatum*)
- Immunosuppressive medicine (tacrolimus, ciclosporin)

LOMANOR with food and drink

Do not eat grapefruit or drink grapefruit juice with LOMANOR.

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

If you are pregnant or breastfeeding your baby, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, please consult your doctor, pharmacist or other health care provider for advice before taking this medicine.

The safety of LOMANOR in pregnancy or lactation has not been established.

Driving and using machines

LOMANOR may make you feel dizzy; assess how it affects you before driving or using machinery.

It is not always possible to predict to what extent LOMANOR may interfere with the daily activities of a patient. Patients should ensure that they do not engage in the above activities until they are aware of the measure to which LOMANOR affects them.

3. How to take LOMANOR

Do not share medicines prescribed for you with any other person.

Always take LOMANOR exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

The usual dose of LOMANOR is one 5 mg tablet once a day; however, sometimes one 10 mg tablet a day may be required. LOMANOR tablets may be taken with or without food.

The usual starting dose for children aged 6 – 17 years is 2,5 mg increased to 5 mg once a day.

Your doctor will tell you how long your treatment with LOMANOR will last and will determine the dose that is best suited to you. If you have the impression that the effect of LOMANOR is too strong or too weak, tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Continue taking LOMANOR until your doctor tells you to stop, at which time it should be done gradually.

If you take more LOMANOR than you should

It is important not to take more LOMANOR tablets than you should. In the event of overdosage, consult your doctor or pharmacist. If neither is available, contact the nearest hospital or poison centre. Take along any tablets that are left, the container and the label so that the hospital staff can easily tell what medicine

you have taken.

If you forget to take LOMANOR

It is important to take your LOMANOR tablets regularly at the same time each day. If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember unless it is time for your next dose. Do not take a double dose to make up for forgotten individual doses.

4. Possible side effects

LOMANOR can have side effects.

Not all side effects reported for LOMANOR are included in this leaflet. Should your general health worsen or if you experience any untoward effects while taking LOMANOR, please consult your health care provider for advice.

If any of the following happens, stop taking LOMANOR and tell your doctor immediately or go to the casualty department at your nearest hospital:

Allergic reaction including:

- Pruritus (severe itching of the skin).
- Rash.
- Angioedema (swelling under the skin, often around your face and lips) ~~and~~.
- Erythema multiforme (large, symmetrical red blotches that appear all over the skin in a circular pattern).

These are all very serious side effects. If you have them, you may have had a serious reaction to LOMANOR. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation.

Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following:

Frequent side effects

- Headache, dizziness especially when standing up, sleepiness.
- Heart palpitations (very fast heartbeat), flushing (hot or warm feeling in your face).
- Stomach pain, nausea.
- Swelling of your legs or ankles, tiredness.

Less frequent side effects

- Too few white blood cells, too few blood platelets, too much sugar in the blood.
- Mood changes, sleeplessness.

- Tightening of the muscles, loss of pain sensation, numbness or tingling sensation, fainting, taste abnormalities, trembling, movement disorder.
- Visual disturbances.
- Ringing in the ears.
- Low blood pressure, inflammation of the blood vessels.
- Cough, shortness of breath, sneezing/running nose.
- Change in bowel habit, dry mouth, indigestion, swelling of the gums, inflammation of the pancreas, vomiting.
- Hair loss, increased sweating, itchy skin, red patches on skin.
- Joint or muscle pain, back pain, muscle cramps.
- Increased need to urinate especially at night, pain when urinating.
- Enlargement of male breasts, inability to obtain an erection.
- Feeling unwell, weakness, pain.
- Increase or decrease in weight.
- Itching, rash, swelling under the skin, red blotchy skin.
- Abnormal liver function, inflammation of the liver (hepatitis), yellowing of the skin (jaundice), liver enzyme increases which may have an effect on some medical tests.
- Heart attack, increase in heart rate, chest pain.

Should any of these symptoms occur, or if you notice any side effects not mentioned in this leaflet, please inform your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side effects

If you get side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. You can also report side effects to SAHPRA via the “**6.04 Adverse Drug Reactions Reporting Form**”, found online under SAHPRA’s publications: <https://www.sahpra.org.za/Publications/Index/8>. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of LOMANOR.

5. How to store LOMANOR

Store all medicines out of reach of children.

- Store at or below 30 °C.
- Keep the tablets in the original packaging and protect from light.
- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date stated on the label and carton.
- Return all unused medicine to your pharmacist.
- Do not dispose of unused medicine in drains or sewerage systems (e.g. toilets).

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What LOMANOR contains

The active substance is amlodipine besylate equivalent to 5 mg or 10 mg active amlodipine base.

The other ingredients are dibasic calcium phosphate anhydrous, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose and sodium starch glycollate.

What LOMANOR looks like and contents of the pack

LOMANOR 5 mg: White, emerald shaped tablets marked PFIZER on one side and AML-5 on the other.

LOMANOR 10 mg: White, emerald shaped tablets marked PFIZER on one side and AML-10 on the other.

LOMANOR 5 mg and 10 mg are available strip packed in blister strips in outer cardboard cartons each containing 30, 60 and 90 tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Holder of Certificate of Registration

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This leaflet was last revised in

22 January 2022

Registration numbers

LOMANOR 5 mg: 38/7.1/0271

LOMANOR 10 mg: 38/7.1/0272