

PROFESSIONAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULING STATUS:

S1

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINE

ALLERGEX® NON DROWSY TABLETS 10 mg

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE

Each tablet contains:

Loratadine (micronised) 10 mg

Contains sugar:

Lactose monohydrate 75 mg

For a full list of excipients see section 6.1

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Tablets

White, 8 mm, round, flat tablets, with a breakline.

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Therapeutic Indications

The relief of symptoms associated with seasonal allergic rhinitis and chronic urticaria.

4.2 Posology and method of administration

Posology

Adults: One tablet to be taken once daily.

ALLERGEX NON DROWSY TABLETS can be taken with or without a meal.

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Method of administration

For oral administration.

4.3 CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Hypersensitivity to Loratadine or any of the other excipients contained in **ALLERGEX NON DROWSY TABLETS**, listed in section 6.1
- The safe use of **ALLERGEX NON DROWSY TABLETS** in the elderly has not been established.

4.4 SPECIAL WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

ALLERGEX NON DROWSY TABLETS lack significant sedative properties. However, patients should be advised that a small number of individuals may experience sedation. Therefore, the effect of the medicine on a particular patient should be ascertained before they drive or operate machinery. This effect can be compounded by the simultaneous intake of alcohol or other central nervous system depressants.

A lower dose should be administered to patients with hepatic impairment as they may have decreased clearance of loratadine; i.e., an initial dose of 5 mg once daily or 10 mg on alternate days.

ALLERGEX NON DROWSY TABLETS contains lactose monohydrate

Patients with the rare hereditary problems of galactose intolerance, total lactase deficiency or glucose-galactose malabsorption should not take **ALLERGEX NON DROWSY TABLETS**.

H1 receptor antihistamines such as **ALLERGEX NON DROWSY TABLETS** have been shown to cause weight gain.

4.5 Interaction with other medicines and other forms of interaction

The use of **ALLERGEX NON-DROWSY TABLETS** should be stopped several days before skin testing as antihistamines may suppress the positive skin response to allergen extracts.

Medicines known to inhibit the hepatic metabolism of loratadine include cimetidine, erythromycin, ketoconazole, quinidine, fluconazole and fluoxetine.

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4.6 Fertility, pregnancy and lactation

Fertility

No available data.

Pregnancy

Safety in pregnancy has not been established.

Lactation

Safety in lactation has not been established.

4.7 Effects on ability to drive and use machines

This medicine lacks significant sedative effects. Patients should be advised that a small number of individuals may experience sedation. (see section 4.4)

4.8 Undesirable effects

Tabulated summary of adverse reactions

System organ class	Frequency	Undesirable effects
Immune system disorders	Unknown	Hypersensitivity reactions (including angioedema and anaphylaxis)
Metabolism and nutritional disorders	Unknown	Increased appetite
Nervous system disorders	Unknown	Headache, somnolence, sedation, nervousness, dizziness, convulsion
Cardiac disorders	Unknown	Tachycardia, palpitations
Gastrointestinal disorders	Unknown	Nausea, dry mouth, vomiting, diarrhoea, gastritis or epigastric pain
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders	Unknown	Rash, alopecia

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General disorders and administrative site conditions	Unknown	Fatigue
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Reporting of suspected adverse reactions

Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorisation of the medicine is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit/risk balance of the medicine. Health care providers are requested to report any suspected adverse reactions to SAHPRA via the Med Safety APP (Medsafety X SAHPRA) and eReporting platform (who- umc.org) found on SAHPRA website.

You may also report to Adcock Ingram Limited using the following email:

Adcock.AEReports@adcock.com

4.9 Overdose

Refer to “**Undesirable effects**”

Cardiac effects such as tachycardia have been reported.

Headache and somnolence have also been reported with overdoses.

In the event of overdosage, treatment should be started immediately.

Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Haemodialysis is not an effective means of removing loratadine or its metabolite from the body.

5 PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

A 5.7.1 Antihistaminics

Pharmacotherapeutic group: antihistamines – H1 antagonist

ATC code: R06A X13

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Mechanism of action

Loratadine is a long acting piperidine antihistamine. It is a selective H₁ receptor antagonist which is a reversible, competitive inhibitor of histamine at H₁ receptor sites.

Loratadine is a second generation H₁ antagonist.

It does not readily cross the blood brain barrier.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Peak plasma levels are reached within 1,5 hours and the clinical effect is achieved within 2 hours. Excretion occurs equally via the faeces and the urine.

6 PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

Cellulose microcrystalline (Avicel pH 102), lactose monohydrate, maize starch, magnesium stearate and purified water.

6.2 Incompatibilities

Not applicable.

6.3 Shelf life

Two years

6.4 Special precautions for storage

Store at or below 25 °C. Protect from direct light.

Do not remove the blister pack from the outer carton until required for use.

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6.5 Nature and contents of container

Glass-clear, rigid, glossy, PVC film and aluminium foil blister packs of 7, 10, 14, 21 and 30 tablets.

6.6 Special precautions for disposal and other handling

No special requirements.

7. HOLDER OF THE CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION:

Adcock Ingram Limited

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8. REGISTRATION NUMBER

36/ 5.7.1/ 0286

9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION

06 February 2004

10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

27 August 2025

Namibia: NS1 05/7.1/0232

Botswana: S3 BOT2103762
